Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction

2023/24 – 2025/26
Service Plan

February 2023
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Minister’s Accountability Statement

The Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction 2023/24 – 2025/26 Service Plan was prepared under my direction in accordance with the *Budget Transparency and Accountability Act*. I am accountable for the basis on which the plan has been prepared.

Honourable Sheila Malcolmson  
Minister of Social Development and Poverty Reduction  
February 22, 2023
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Strategic Direction

In 2023/24, the Government of British Columbia will continue our work to make life better for people in B.C., improve the services we all rely on, and ensure a sustainable province for future generations. Government will focus on building a secure, clean, and fair economy, and a province where everyone can find a good home – whether in a rural area, in a city, or in an Indigenous community. B.C. will continue working toward true and meaningful reconciliation by supporting opportunities for Indigenous Peoples to be full partners in an inclusive and sustainable province. The policies, programs and projects developed over the course of this service plan period will focus on results that people can see and feel in four key areas: attainable and affordable housing, strengthened health care, safer communities, and a secure, clean and fair economy that can withstand global economic headwinds.

This 2023/24 service plan outlines how the Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction will support the government's priorities and selected items identified in the December 2022 Minister's Mandate Letter.

Purpose of the Ministry

The Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction (SDPR) focuses on reducing poverty, creating opportunities and increasing inclusion. The purpose of the ministry is to provide quality services for British Columbians in need, to ensure that everyone has the opportunity to participate fully in their community and to reach their full potential.

SDPR is guided by five pieces of legislation: the Accessible British Columbia Act, the Employment and Assistance Act, the Employment and Assistance for Persons with Disabilities Act, the Poverty Reduction Strategy Act and the Community Living Authority Act. The Minister is responsible for the Community Living BC (CLBC) and is supported by the Parliamentary Secretary for Community Development and Non-Profits and the Parliamentary Secretary for Accessibility. The ministry's key priorities (identified in the December 2022 mandate letters) include:

- Updating the TogetherBC: BC's Poverty Reduction Strategy by March 2024, to continue reducing the number of people, and in particular children, who are in poverty in B.C.;
- Leading work with the Ministry of Finance to continue addressing impacts on low-income people caused by cost-of-living increases related to global inflation;
- Continuing to lead work on food security and dignified access to food in partnerships with food producers, grocery stores, food banks, schools, and non-profits, with support from the Ministry of Agriculture and Food;
- Supporting the work of the Ministry of Housing to better coordinate services to deliver improved outcomes for people living in Vancouver's Downtown Eastside, in collaboration with the Ministries of Mental Health and Addictions, Health, and
Public Safety and Solicitor General, as well as Indigenous Peoples, external partners and others;

- Ensuring the voices of people living with disabilities are heard in all policy development;
- Continuing work to engage advocates, communities, and businesses to ensure the new *Accessible British Columbia Act* is well understood and effective at making B.C. more accessible and inclusive for everyone – including the implementation of accessible service delivery and employment accessibility standards; and
- Continuing work to support the ministry’s food security mandate, including recognizing the impacts of global inflation and extreme weather events on household food security for British Columbians.

Further to the above, two key priorities for the ministry (outside mandate letters) are:

- Leading collaborative engagement through the [Social Services Sector Roundtable](#) to help strengthen the important community social services that people count on every day; and
- Through [Community Living BC](#), continue working on the [Re-imagining Community Inclusion Initiative](#) and the [Re-imagining Community Inclusion Work Plan](#) to improve services for adults with developmental disabilities and their families.

### Operating Environment

The ministry provided income and disability assistance to an average of 213,000 people each month in 2021/22, including 42,000 dependent children and 118,000 people with the Persons with Disabilities designation.

Poverty statistics for 2020 showed that government supports and the strengthening economy near the end of the year were able to reduce the number of people living in poverty by 214,000 from 2019, including moving 19,000 children out of poverty. With 382,000 British Columbians living in poverty according to the Market Basket Measure, B.C. currently has the second highest poverty rate (tied with two other provinces) in the country and the third lowest for child poverty. This number includes 43,000 children in low-income families and 36,000 seniors.

While the COVID-19 pandemic continued to impact the economy in 2021/22, federal income supports provided additional income assistance supports.

Inflation began to see substantial growth in 2021/22 and has further increased in 2022/23, averaging 7.6% in the first half of the fiscal year. Inflation has been a major challenge for all British Columbians, but poses additional challenges for income and disability clients who often cannot change their purchasing patterns or use savings to offset rising prices. Adding to the pressure is that the cost of necessities like food and rent have risen by 8.5% and 5.7% respectively in 2022/23. The federal and provincial governments have provided temporary relief to residents, that has helped offset the impact of rising costs for low-income British
Columbians. Increases in interest rates is expected to reduce the rate of inflation, but it is still expected to be above the Bank of Canada’s target of 2% until 2024/25.

**Economic Statement**

B.C.’s economy has been resilient to pandemic, geopolitical and climate-related disruptions. However, higher interest rates are expected to weigh on the economy in the coming years. Following a rapid recovery from the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, high inflation led to successive interest rate increases from the Bank of Canada in 2022. The impact of higher interest rates has been evident in housing markets and there is uncertainty over its transmission to the rest of the economy in B.C. and among our trading partners. B.C. is heading into this challenging period in relatively strong position, with a low unemployment rate. The Economic Forecast Council (EFC) estimates that B.C. real GDP expanded by 3.0 per cent in 2022 and expects growth of 0.5 per cent in 2023 and 1.6 per cent in 2024. Meanwhile for Canada, the EFC estimates growth of 3.4 per cent in 2022 and projects national real GDP growth of 0.5 per cent in 2023 and 1.5 per cent in 2024. As such, B.C.’s economic growth is expected to be broadly in line with the national average in the coming years. The risks to B.C.’s economic outlook centre around interest rates and inflation, such as the risk of further inflationary supply chain disruptions, the potential for more interest rate increases than expected, and uncertainty around the depth and timing of the impact on housing markets. Further risks include ongoing uncertainty regarding global trade policies, the emergence of further COVID-19 variants of concern and lower commodity prices.

**Performance Planning**

**Goal 1: Reduce Poverty in British Columbia**

The ministry is responsible for the *Poverty Reduction Strategy Act*, which sets out legislated targets and actions to reduce poverty in British Columbia.

**Objective 1.1: Implement the cross-government, province-wide Poverty-Reduction Strategy**

As the lead on British Columbia’s Poverty Reduction Strategy, the ministry must work across government to ensure that the requirements and targets as set out in the *Poverty Reduction Strategy Act* are achieved.

**Key Strategies**

- Undertake targeted and public engagement that includes seeking input from people with lived and living experience of poverty to inform an update to *TogetherBC*. This will include engagement and co-development with Indigenous partners to meet the spirit and intent of the *Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Act*.

- Update TogetherBC, the comprehensive, cross-government Poverty Reduction Strategy by 2024 to continue to meet BC’s poverty reduction targets and address
other pressing issues such as the depth of poverty, the cycle of poverty, food security and inflation.

- Continue to create and implement initiatives to increase food security for people in need and support cross-sector partnerships with the goal of developing a long-term, sustainable approach to food insecurity in BC.
- Continue to support the multi-sectoral Period Poverty Task Force; the task force is to submit recommendations by March 2024.
- Review existing government income support programs for opportunities to improve outcomes, access and delivery.

**Discussion**

British Columbia achieved its poverty reduction targets in 2019 and further reduced poverty in 2020. However, the ending of COVID supports, high inflation and the risk of a recession in 2023 mean that the ministry must continue to work on poverty reduction. The current strategy must be reviewed and updated in 2024, including future targets. As part of the review, the ministry is working with other ministries, consulting with the Minister’s Poverty Reduction Advisory Committee and engaging people across British Columbia to learn their experiences with poverty. The engagement to update the Poverty Strategy includes a review of the legislative framework governing British Columbia’s income and disability assistance program. This review intends to examine the barriers faced by recipients of assistance, including from GBA+ and Reconciliation lenses.

**Performance Measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[1a] Total Poverty Rate¹</td>
<td>15.3%</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>10.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[1b] Child Poverty Rate</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data source: Statistics Canada Table 11-10-0135-01 Low-income statistics by age, sex and economic family type.

¹ As a result of a delay in the reporting of poverty statistics and the time it takes for investments to impact poverty rates, there are no interim targets.

**Discussion**

The *Poverty Reduction Strategy* Act sets out legislated targets for the reduction of both the overall poverty rate (25%) and the poverty rate for children (50%) by 2024. The targets were set to be ambitious but also achievable, and would result in significant improvements in the lives of low-income British Columbians.

The Province uses Statistics Canada’s Market Basket Measure (MBM) as its official poverty measure. The MBM is also Canada’s official poverty measure. There is a two-year delay in producing the data since it relies on income tax and data.
Goal 2: British Columbians in need have services, supports and opportunities that make life better

The Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction focuses on providing a system of supports to British Columbians in need, to help them achieve their social and economic independence and secure a better future.

Objective 2.1: Deliver reliable, responsive, consistent, accessible and secure income and disability assistance services

Delivering modern and consistent service with a focus on reliability, responsiveness and relationship-building remains a key priority. The ministry continues to expand and improve online self-service options, which increases accessibility of services for clients regardless of their location in British Columbia.

Key Strategies

- Consider the diverse needs of clients to improve the quality and responsiveness of income assistance services.
- Increase community presence through expanded outreach by Community Integration Specialists, working collaboratively with community partners, and expanding the use of mobile service delivery options.
- Continue to expand and improve digital self-service options including usability improvements and better accessibility for clients.
- Regularly monitor client feedback and satisfaction to help improve services.
- Ensure administrative fairness through the provision of an effective and efficient reconsideration and appeal system.

Discussion

The ministry's income and disability assistance services are designed to help individuals build a solid connection with communities and the labour market. In turn these services support people to secure their future, establish self-sufficiency in support of their families and help them contribute to their communities. By providing temporary help to those who can work and longer-term aid to those who have a more difficult time working or who cannot work through disability or other barriers, the ministry ensures the needs of British Columbians are being addressed.

The ministry continues to adapt its service delivery approach to increase accessibility and to meet the diverse needs of clients. Individuals can access services at 84 physical locations, including 36 ministry offices and 48 Service BC offices around the province. Improvements to telephone-based services give automated telephone reporting options as well as direct live support from a ministry worker. The expansion of Community Integration Services provides in-person services to a greater number of individuals who are at risk of or currently experiencing homelessness, connecting them with financial assistance and community supports. For those
who prefer to access ministry services through self-service options, the ministry continues to enhance the My Self-Serve portal and the self serve options through the toll-free number.

**Objective 2.2: Job seekers have access to high quality services and supports they need to find and keep meaningful employment**

High quality employment services and supports are needed so B.C. is ready to meet the future demands of a skilled workforce and fill millions of jobs over the next decade. These services support Indigenous people, women, people of colour, people with disabilities and other underrepresented people participate in the labour market and help fill labour market needs.

**Key Strategies**
- Work with our service delivery partners to provide a high-quality, responsive and consistent service experience to the people and communities in B.C.
- Expand programs and services in response to the changing labour market environment and in anticipation of future labour market needs.
- Lead the coordination and collaboration with community-led organizations, businesses and employers to create equitable opportunities for participation in B.C.’s economy.
- Enhance the delivery of programs and services with modern, person-centered and data-driven tools and approaches.
- Increase equity in opportunities and remove barriers to access by applying a Gender-Based Analysis Plus (GBA+) lens on programs, initiatives and services.

**Discussion**

This objective has been updated to better meet the future needs of a rapidly shifting labour market and ensure everyone in British Columbia has the opportunity to benefit from the job openings and expected strong labour demand. The ministry will focus on providing high quality services to job seekers in British Columbia and supporting an inclusive labour market and meeting the increasing demand for skilled workers.

**Performance Measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>2022/23 Forecast</th>
<th>2023/24 Target</th>
<th>2024/25 Target</th>
<th>2025/26 Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[2a] Number of clients using My Self-Serve</td>
<td>101,000</td>
<td>103,000</td>
<td>105,000</td>
<td>106,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data source: Service Delivery Division, Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction

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1 British Columbia Labour Market Outlook 2021-2031 Forecast
Discussion

As the ministry continued to promote My Self Serve\(^2\) during the pandemic, extreme weather and wildfire events in 2022/23, more clients chose to use online service portal than forecasted. The ministry has updated the future year targets to reflect the higher usage in 2022/23 and the continuing efforts to improve digital self-service options.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure[s]</th>
<th>2021/22 Baseline</th>
<th>2022/23 Forecast</th>
<th>2023/24 Target</th>
<th>2024/25 Target</th>
<th>2025/26 Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[2b] WorkBC Client Satisfaction Score(^1)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


\(^1\) WorkBC Client Satisfaction Score represents the overall client satisfaction with WorkBC services. Scores range from 0 to 100, with higher scores being considered better. The score represents the number of clients responding “satisfied” or “very satisfied” out of all survey respondents.

Discussion

To monitor progress towards Goal 2, the ministry introduced an automated survey process in March 2022 that receives feedback directly from WorkBC clients at various points in time while receiving employment services. The survey collects feedback on key aspects of their experience and their overall satisfaction with the services they received.

Goal 3: Individuals with disabilities live, work and participate in their communities on an equal basis with all British Columbians

Individuals with disabilities account for the majority of people served by the ministry and are a growing proportion of the total population. The Ministry will continue to support people with disabilities by reducing barriers and promoting equal participation in the economy and society.

Objective 3.1: Support a comprehensive and integrated system of supports and services for individuals with disabilities

People with disabilities routinely experience barriers that impede their ability to participate fully in their communities. The types of barriers people with disabilities experience vary greatly depending on the nature of their disability and other intersecting factors. Working in the spirit of “Nothing About Us Without Us” the ministry will continue to advance programs and policies that support Persons with Disabilities in British Columbia to meaningfully participate in their communities.

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\(^2\) My Self Serve (MySS) provides online access to income and disability assistance for residents of British Columbia
Key Strategies

- Provide adults with disabilities access to responsive services that support them in participating as full citizens and in achieving improved outcomes.

- Continue to work with people with disabilities and their families, community stakeholders, public organizations and the business community to develop solutions and strategies that improve the lives of people with disabilities and identify barriers and solutions to improving employment outcomes for people with disabilities.

- Support the Re-Imagining Community Inclusion (RCI) Steering Committee to implement the work plan in response to the 10-Year Re-imagining Community Inclusion Roadmap, to help improve the lives of people with developmental disabilities.

- Continue to support the transition process for youth with support needs when entering adulthood, to ensure they can access the ministry’s disability assistance program and the adult community living services offered through Community Living BC.

- Support the continued implementation of the Accessible British Columbia Act with the goal to address barriers that impede the full and equal participation of people with disabilities, including through the development of new accessibility standards for B.C.

Discussion

The ministry works across government to improve the lives of persons with disabilities. The Accessibility Directorate’s ongoing work to reduce barriers will improve inclusion and employment opportunities. The current priorities of the Accessibility Directorate are to create a culture of accessibility and inclusion, increase access to information and improve communications, improve accessibility of government buildings and transportation systems, increase employment in the B.C. public service, and improve the provision of goods and services to persons with disabilities.

The ministry continues to have regular engagement with families, stakeholders and the business community to identify opportunities to improve the social and economic outcomes of persons with disabilities. For example, the Presidents Group, a network of prominent business leaders, provides advice on best practices to make workplaces more accessible and inclusive and to improve employment opportunities for persons with disabilities.

Performance Measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure[s]</th>
<th>2021/22 Baseline</th>
<th>2022/23 Forecast</th>
<th>2023/24 Target</th>
<th>2024/25 Target</th>
<th>2025/26 Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[3a] Total amount of earnings exemptions reported by Persons with Disabilities cases</td>
<td>$156 million</td>
<td>$180 million</td>
<td>$176 million</td>
<td>$195 million</td>
<td>$210 million</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data source: Research, Innovation and Policy Division, Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction
Discussion
The growing risk of a recession in 2023 may impact the employment level and earnings of Persons with Disabilities, as they often work in sectors that are most impacted by an economic downturn. However, it is expected that the current labour shortage will offset some of the job losses. Employment in the service sector, where many income and disability assistance clients work, is facing significant labour shortages with employment below pre-pandemic levels. The continued work on making the province more accessible for persons with disabilities as well as efforts by employment service providers will help offset unemployment risks from an economic downturn and further improve employment and inclusion outcomes over the next few years.
## Financial Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Core Business</th>
<th>2022/23 Restated Estimates¹</th>
<th>2023/24 Estimates</th>
<th>2024/25 Plan</th>
<th>2025/26 Plan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Expenses ($000)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Assistance</td>
<td>3,079,080</td>
<td>3,289,354</td>
<td>3,379,327</td>
<td>3,402,414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment</td>
<td>29,169</td>
<td>30,273</td>
<td>30,488</td>
<td>30,488</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Living Services</td>
<td>1,328,551</td>
<td>1,410,433</td>
<td>1,436,029</td>
<td>1,478,520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment and Assistance Appeal Tribunal</td>
<td>1,849</td>
<td>1,915</td>
<td>1,930</td>
<td>1,930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive and Support Services</td>
<td>12,833</td>
<td>13,356</td>
<td>13,721</td>
<td>13,721</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>4,451,482</td>
<td>4,745,331</td>
<td>4,861,495</td>
<td>4,927,073</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital Expenditures ($000)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive and Support Services</td>
<td>1,822</td>
<td>1,854</td>
<td>1,854</td>
<td>1,854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>1,822</td>
<td>1,854</td>
<td>1,854</td>
<td>1,854</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

¹ For comparative purposes, amounts shown for 2022/23 have been restated to be consistent with the presentation of the 2023/24 Estimates.

* Further information on program funding and vote recoveries is available in the Estimates and Supplement to the Estimates.
Appendix A: Public Sector Organizations

As of February 22, 2023, the Minister of Social Development and Poverty Reduction is responsible and accountable for the following organizations:

Community Living BC

Community Living British Columbia (CLBC) is a Crown agency that provides supports and services to meet the disability-related needs of two groups of eligible individuals and their families in British Columbia:

- Adults with a diagnosis of developmental disability. Criteria include age of onset, intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior; and
- Adults who have a diagnosis of fetal alcohol spectrum disorder or autism spectrum disorder (also known as pervasive developmental disorder) and significant limitations in adaptive functioning.

Employment and Assistance Appeal Tribunal

The Employment and Assistance Appeal Tribunal is an administrative tribunal established under the authority of the Employment and Assistance Act to provide clients with an efficient and transparent appeal process that is independent from the Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction. The Tribunal hears appeals on decisions made by the Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction to refuse, reduce or discontinue certain benefits or supplements. The Tribunal also hears appeals on decisions made by the Ministry of Children and Family Development to refuse, reduce or discontinue a subsidy under the Child Care Subsidy Act.